



OBJECT ID 2003.36.1.4 **OBJECT NAME** Card, Souvenir **MATERIAL** Paper **OBJECT ENTITIES** Farmakis, Daisy (is related to) **RELATED ITEMS** Photograph, 2003.36.53.6 Photograph, 2003.36.53.8 Photograph, 2003.36.53.7 Photograph, 2003.36.53.4 Photograph, 2003.36.53.2 Photograph, 2003.36.53.5 Photograph, 2003.36.53.9 Photograph, 2003.36.53.3 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.1 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.2 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.3 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.4 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.5 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.6 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.7 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.8 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.9 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.10 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.11 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.14 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.16 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.55.17 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.1.2 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.1.3 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.1.1 Card, Souvenir, 2003.36.1.5

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Komboloi, 2003.36.37.A

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ACCESS POINTS

Black-and-white photography

Building

Clothing

Jackets

Pants

Photographs

Postcards

Sponges

T-shirts

Trees

Water towers

OBJECT DESCRIPTION

A black and white photograph of two men standing outside. The men are standing among many sea sponges. They are holding some of them up. They are standing in front of a building. On the lower left-hand corner is white writing, which reads, "World's largest Sponge/Exchange-Tarpon Springs, Fla."

ORIGIN

Daisy Farmakis donated various postcards of the Greeks of Tarpon Springs, FL. Particularly, sponge divers.

It is unknown when exactly the sponge became an article of use. In Ancient Greek writings, Plato and Homerus mentioned the sponge as an object used for bathing. Through trading, Europeans used soft sponges for many purposes including padding for helmets, portable drinking utensils, and municipal water filters. Until the invention of synthetic sponges, they were used as cleaning tools, applicators for paints and ceramic glazes, and discreet contraceptives. However, by the mid-20th century, overfishing brought both animals and the industry close to extinction.

In Kalymnos, only 18% of the steep volcanic land could be cultivated, so the main professions were trading, boat building, and sponge fishing, which perhaps was the oldest profession on the island. Diving for sponges brought social and economical development to the island where the free-diving method was used. Kalymnos was the main center of production in the Aegean, and still now is a traditional occupation with related exhibitions, along with other local folklore, at three local museums.

The crew went out into the Mediterranean Sea in a small boat and used a cylindrical object with a glass bottom to search the ocean floor for sponges. When one was found, a diver went overboard to get it. Free diving, he was usually naked and carried a 15-kilogram (33 lb) skandalopetra, a rounded stone tied on a rope to the boat, to take him down to the bottom quickly. The diver then cut the sponge loose from the bottom and put a special net around it. Depth and bottom time depended on the diver's lung capacity. They often went down to about 30 meters (100 ft) for up to 5 minutes.

CITATION



Card, Souvenir, National Hellenic Museum, https://collections.nationalhellenicmuseum.org/Detail/objects/. Accessed 12/19/25.